

Remediation Status Update Former Raytheon Facility Wayland, Massachusetts

Integrated Defense Systems

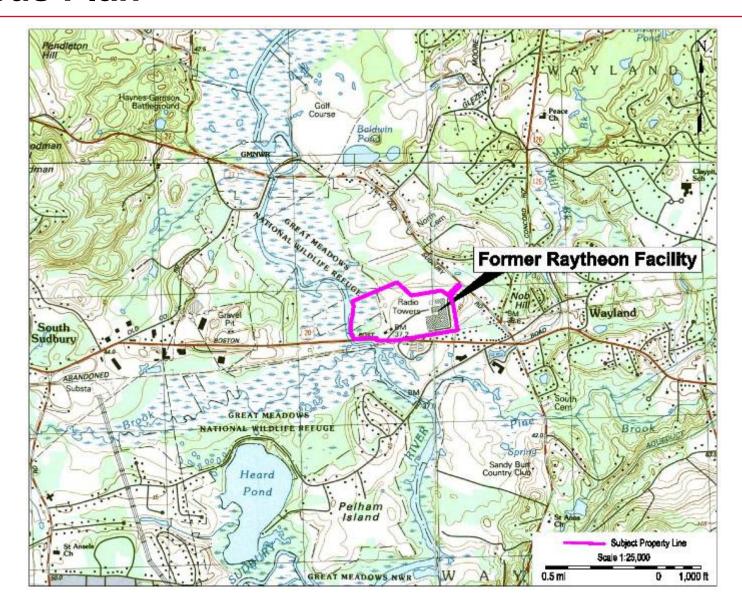
December 5, 2017

Outline

- Team Introductions
 - Jonathan Hone, Project Manager, Raytheon
 - Lyndsey Colburn, Partner, Environmental Resources Management
 - John Drobinski, LSP, Environmental Resources Management
 - Dr. Sami Fam, Innovative Engineering Solutions, Inc.
- Site Overview
- 2017 Site Activities
 - Site-Wide Activities
 - Southern Area
 - Northern Area Bioremediation
- Q&A



Locus Plan



Site Overview

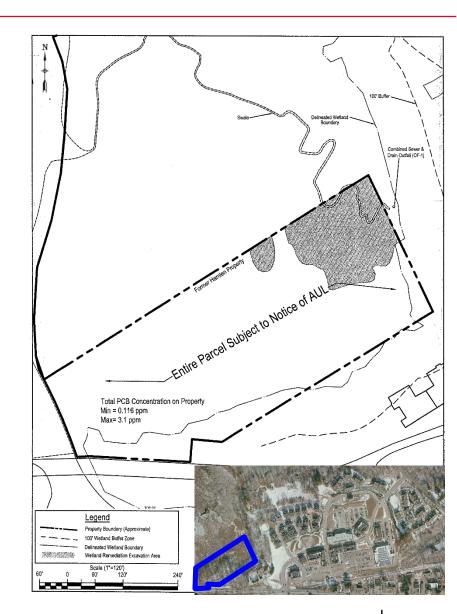
- Radar testing and development (1957-1995)
- Contamination discovered in 1996
- Regulated by the Massachusetts DEP
- Historic Site Contaminants
 - Chlorinated VOCs, PCBs
- Extensive Site Characterization
- 2 Primary Areas of Current Activity
 - Northern Area- Bioremediation
 - Southern Area Chemical Oxidation
- 2 large soil removals & wetland restoration
- Deed restrictions have been implemented at the property/Site
- Groundwater flow is generally to the west
- Located within drinking water zone
 - Baldwin Pond Wells
- Site's current use includes:
 - Wayland Commons
 - Wayland Town Center
 - River Trail Place
 - "Hamlen" donated to USFW (closed)





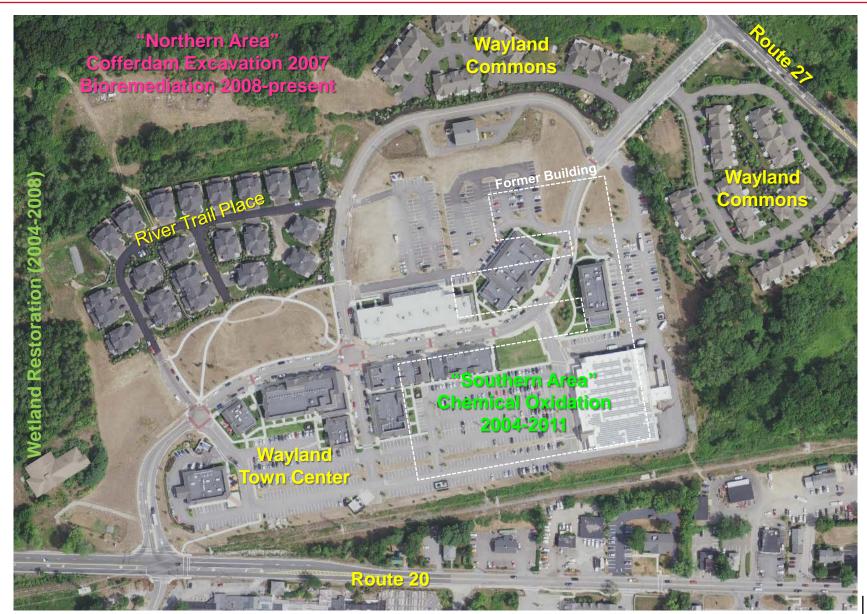
Hamlen Parcel

- Historic Site Contaminants (PAHs, PCBs, metals) in top 18" of sediment
- 2-acres of soil excavation & wetland restoration completed in 2003 & 2004
- Remedial activities overseen by USEPA & MassDEP
- Activity & Use Limitations (AUL) implemented at the site
- Site was restored to wetland habitat (71,000 plants & 5 years of monitoring) abutting the Sudbury River
- A "Condition of No Significant Risk" exists for the Former Hamlen Parcel; Partial Permanent Solution filed for the portion of Site (RTN 3-13302)
- Property (5.5-acres) was donated to USFW to become part of the Great Meadows National Wildlife Refuge in late 2016





Wayland Site Plan

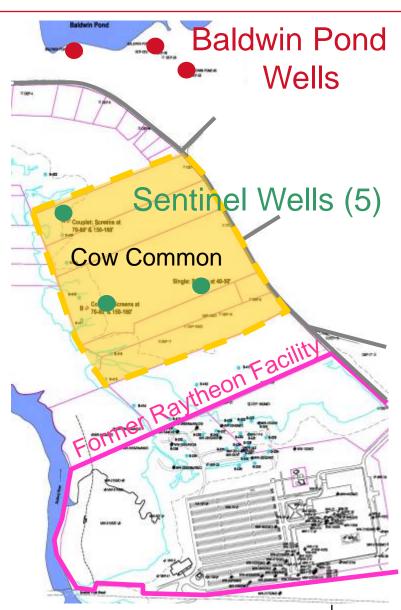


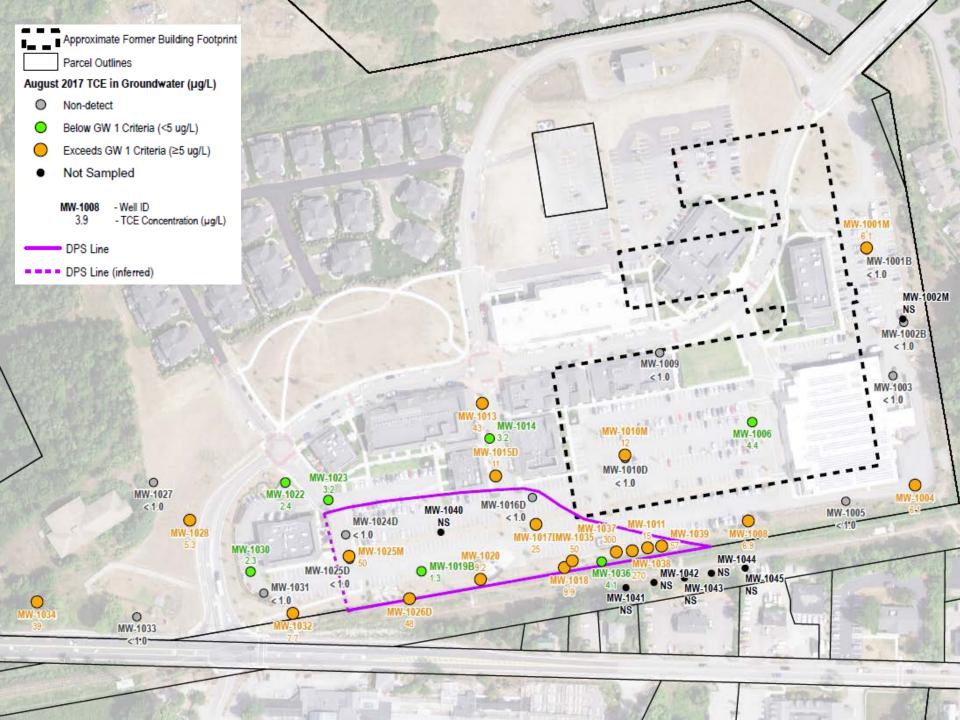
2017 Activities

- Remedy Operation Status (ROS) Reports submitted in May & November
 - Available online and at the Town repository
- Groundwater quality monitoring
 - Cow Commons sampling
 - Southern Area Groundwater Sampling
- Northern Area Bioremediation System
 - Bioremediation System Operation, Maintenance & Monitoring
 - Groundwater monitoring
 - Injection and recirculation of amended groundwater

Cow Common/Sentinel Wells

- Groundwater samples collected from wells in April 2017 analyzed for VOCs by Method 8260C.
- Low-level detections of 1,1dichloroethane, cis-1,2-dichloroethene, and ethyl ether in SEN-1D. All detections below the GW-1 standards and consistent with low historical detections.
- Low-level detections of Acetone in SEN-1M/D, SEN-2M/D, and SEN-3; associated with laboratory contamination. All detections are well below the GW-1 standard.
- No other VOC detections above the laboratory reporting limit.







Northern Area (Bioremediation)





Recirculation System Overview

- The program involves recirculation of groundwater within a area to distribute the added amendment (carbon source, "food", electron donor)
 - Methanol (WFD permitted storage), nutrients, pH buffers, cultures
- Increases subsurface mixing by injection (up-gradient) and extraction (down-gradient) of amended groundwater
- Extraction wells are fitted with submersible pumps and control equipment to monitor flow, minimize possibility of leaks, and prevent damage to system
- Solar powered pumps and controls extract groundwater continuously at approximately ~3 gallons per minute (gpm)

Recirculation System Photos









Enhanced Anaerobic Dechlorination

- A carbon source or amendment has been introduced to the naturally occurring microbes to <u>Enhance</u> metabolic processes in an <u>Anaerobic</u> subsurface/environment
- Dechlorination is a process by which a consortia of microbes remove chlorine atoms from chlorinated solvents until all that is left is basic ethene
- "Parent" compound degrade into "Daughter" products

 Tetrachloroethene (PCE)

 Trichloroethene (TCE)

 cis-1,2-Dichloroethene (cDCE)

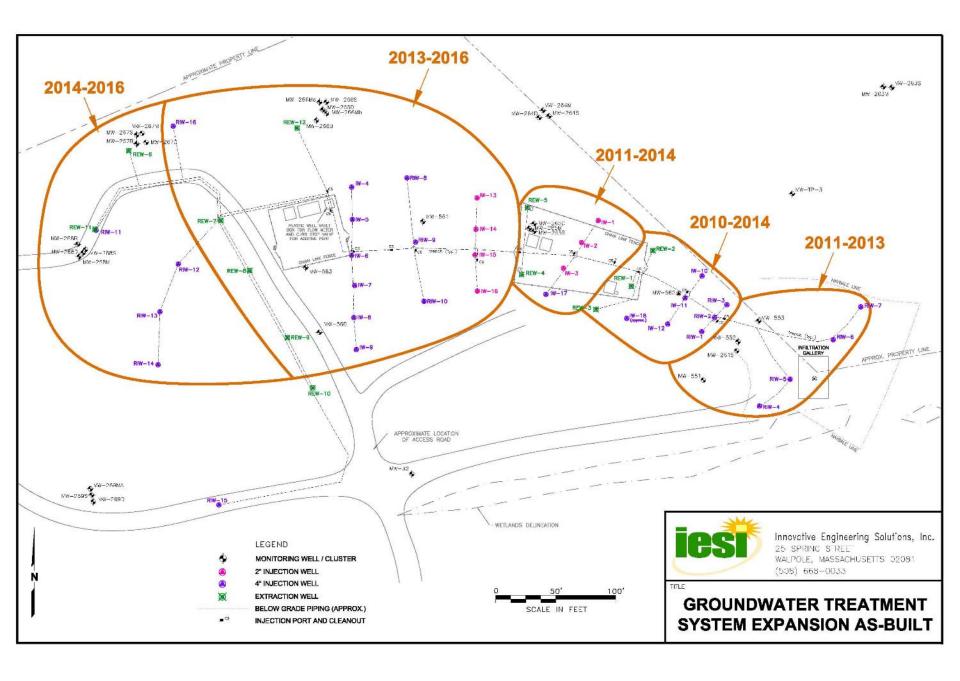
 Vinyl Chloride (VC)

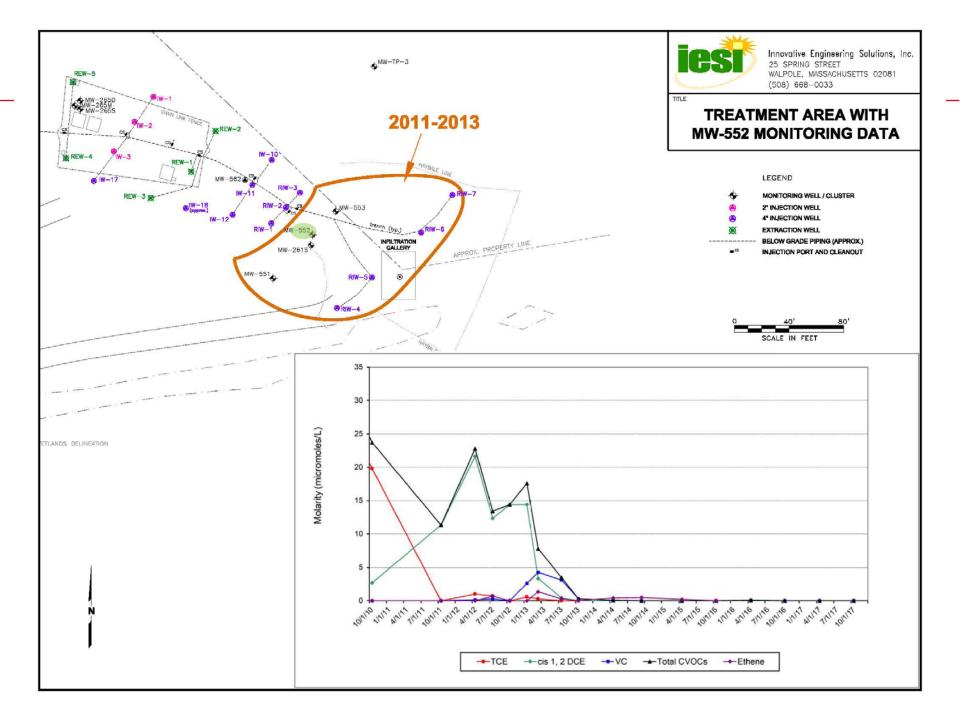
 Ethene

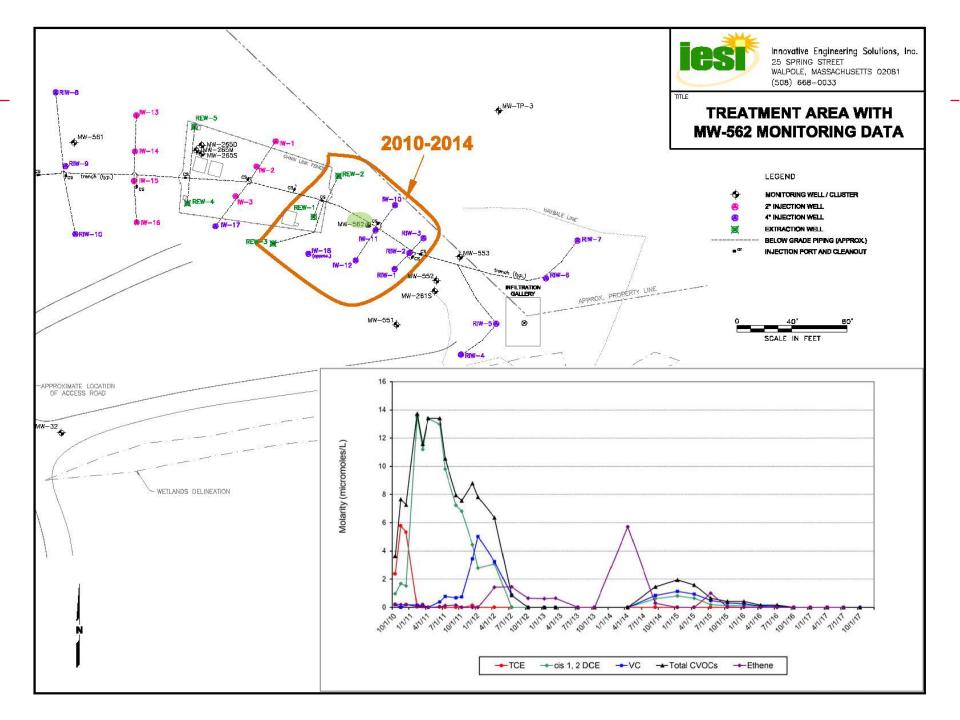


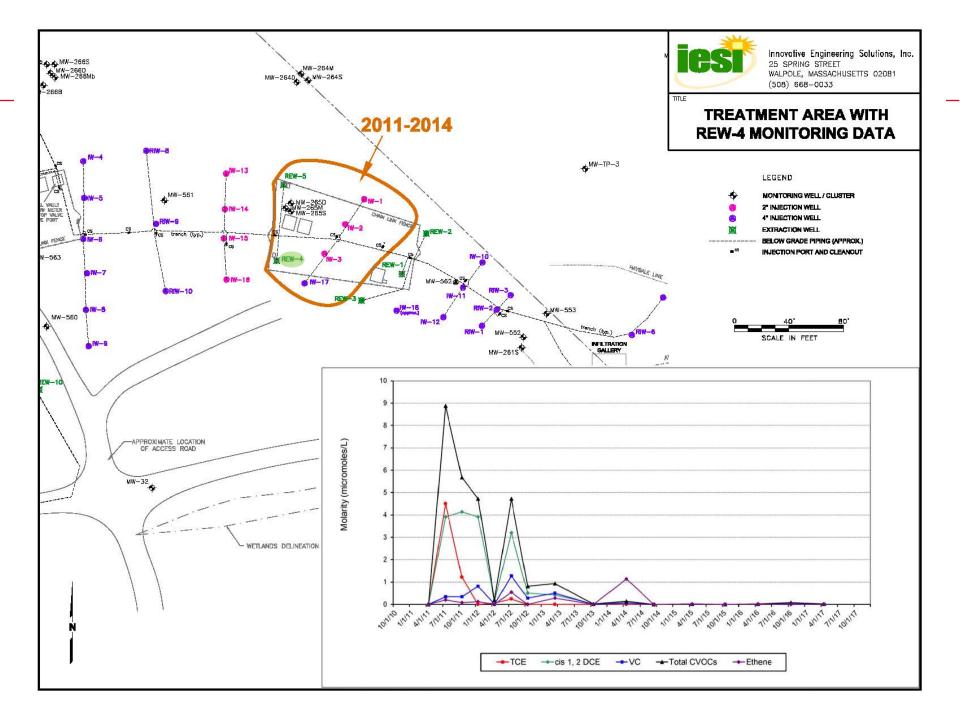
Recirculation System Timeline

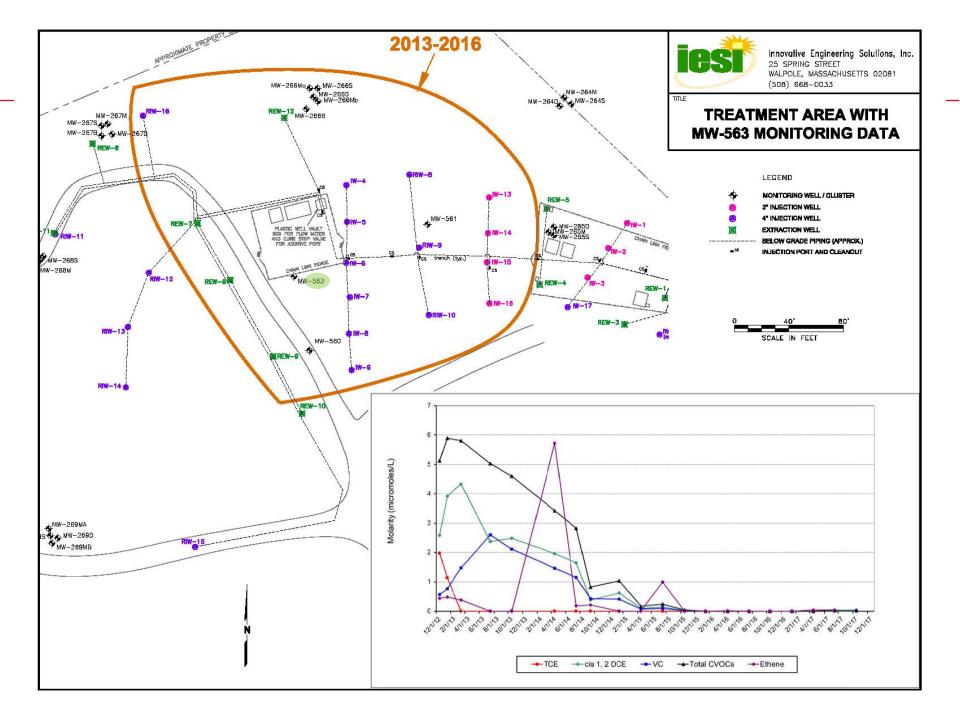
- October 2010: System initial start up
- 2011: Expansion included the installation of 3 extraction wells near 2007 Cofferdam excavation & 3rd Solar array
- 2012: Expansion included the installation of 6 injection wells, 9 extraction wells, 1 monitoring well, 12 solar panels, & incorporation of the "IW" series wells
- 2015-2016: System running at full capacity, added another 4 solar panels and additional injection/extraction well in 2015
- 2017: Deactivated recirculation system in late December 2016; groundwater monitoring ongoing in order to evaluate the progress of the system

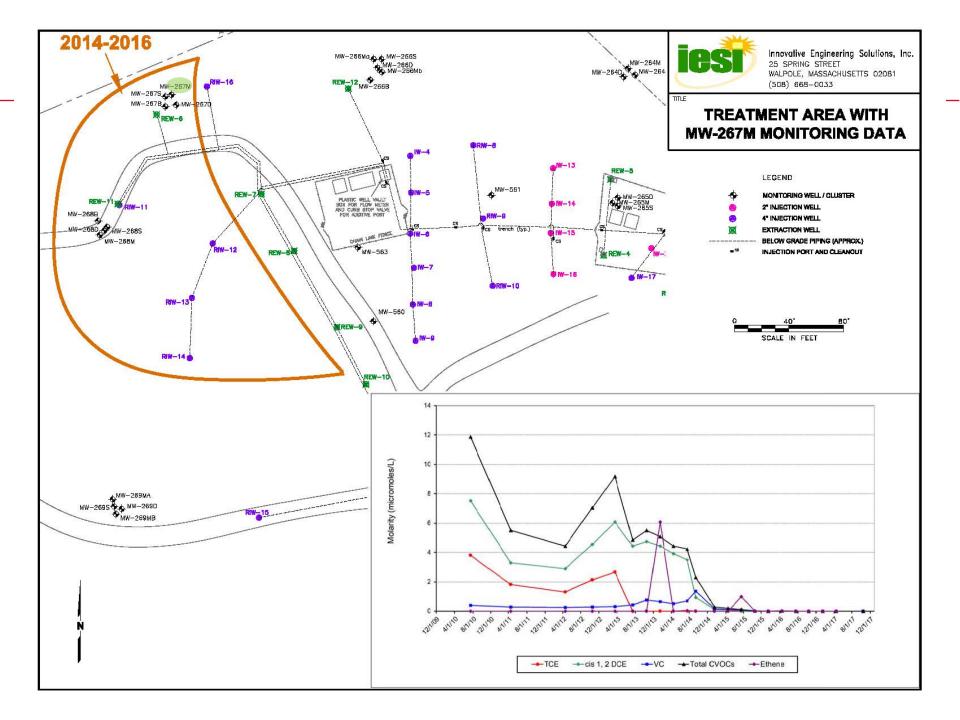






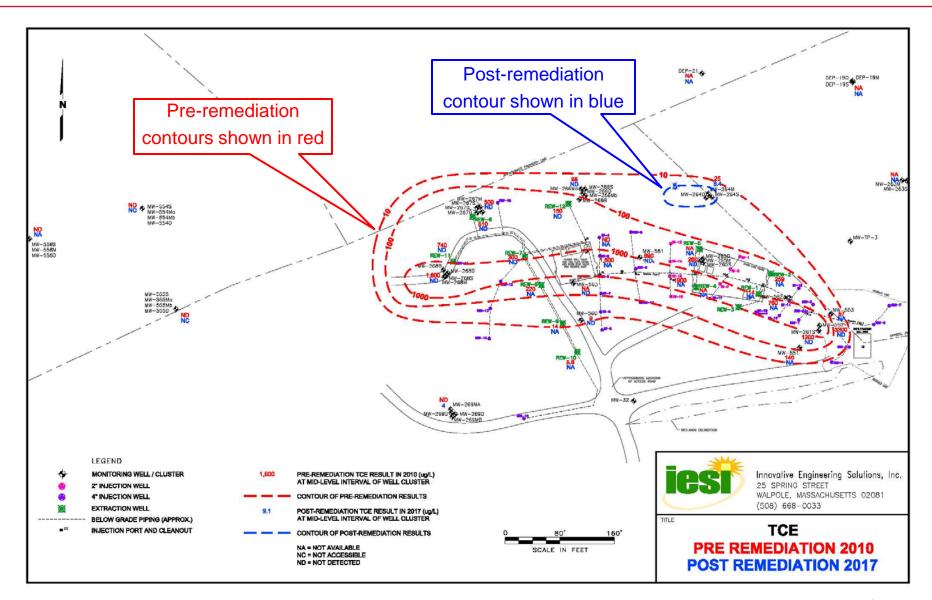








TCE Concentration Contours



Summary

- VOC trends continue to decrease in wells monitoring the Northern and Southern area releases.
- Low-level detections of VOC concentrations in one Cow Commons well; samples from all other wells are non-detect for VOCs.
- Remedial system recirculation in Northern Area deactivated in December 2016; groundwater monitoring is ongoing.
- Groundwater sampling will continue on a quarterly (Northern Area) and semi-annual (Southern Area) basis in 2018. Reporting will continue on a semi-annual basis.

Questions?

 Raytheon will continue to make documents available at the information repository Wayland Board of Health and extranet web site

http://raytheon.erm.com